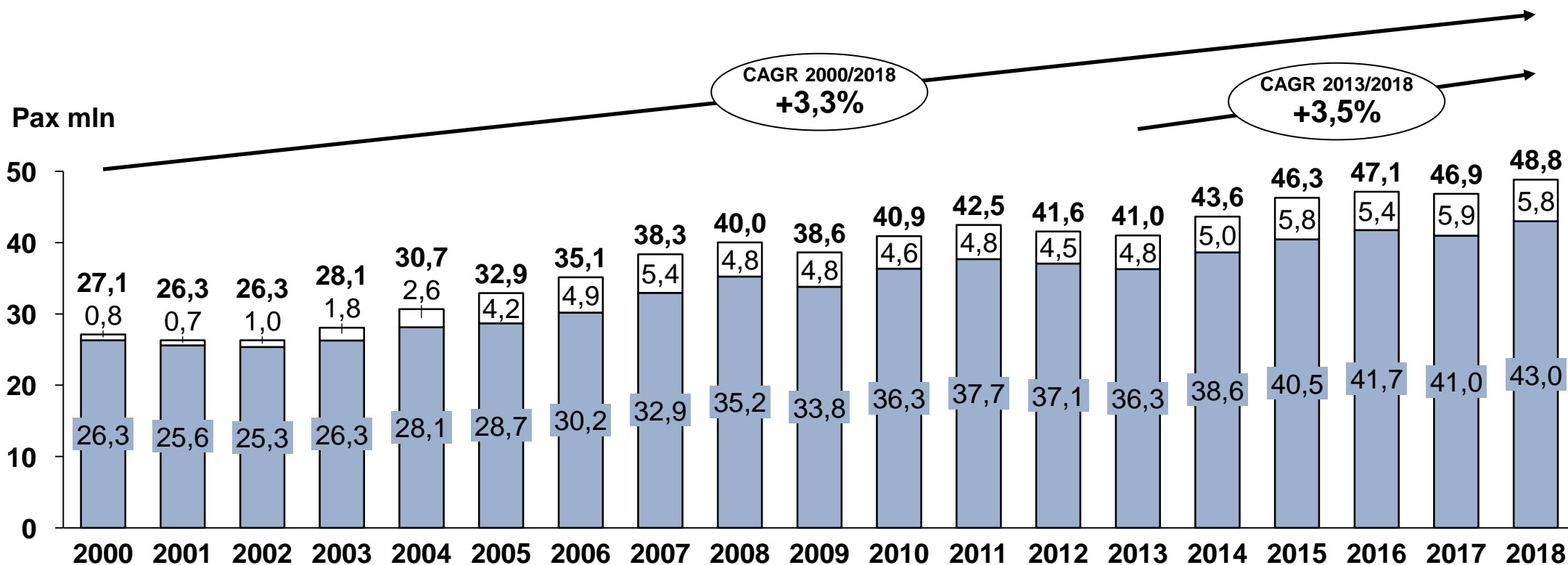


Traffic trend for the Rome airport system

**ADR Economic Regulation Agreement
(ERA) 2017-2021 tariff sub-period**

Airport system: traffic performance

2000 – 2018 Historical Data

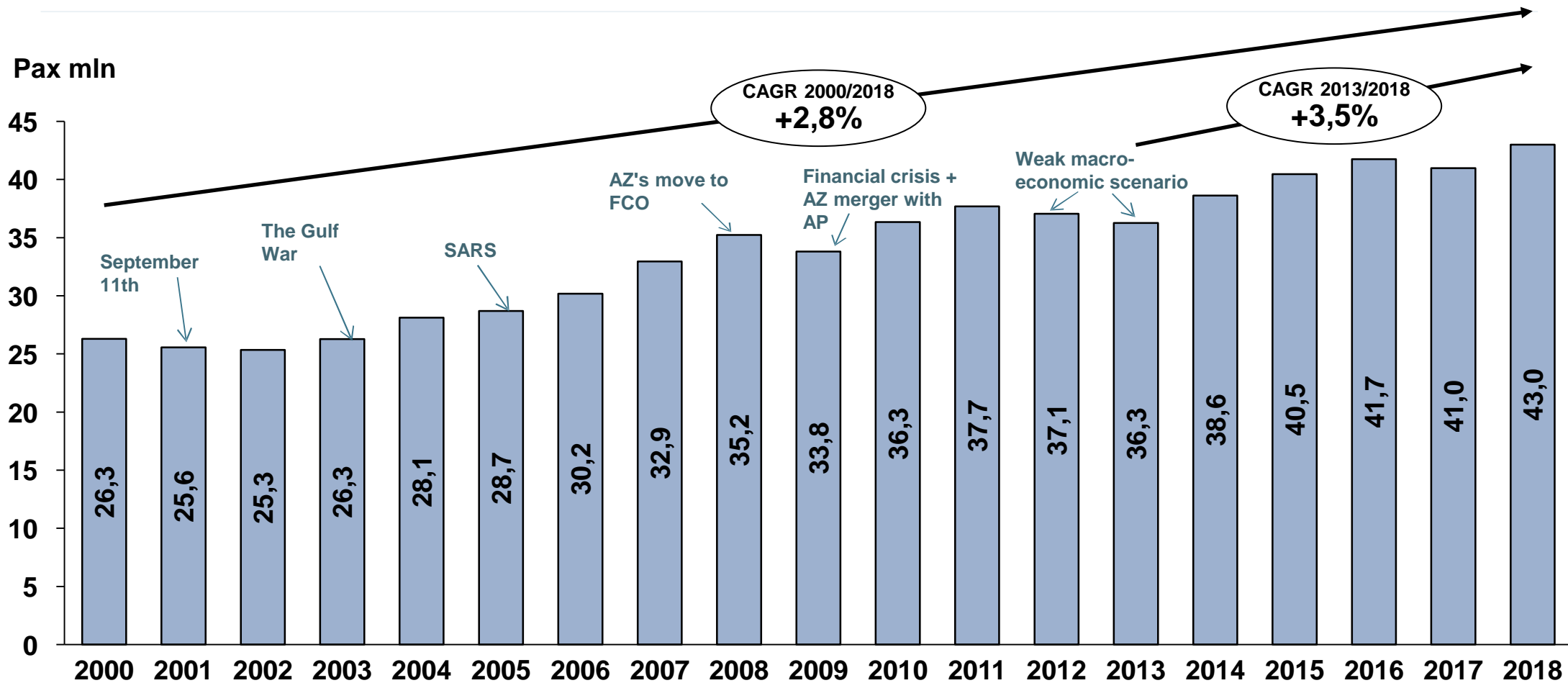


	CAGR 2000/2018	CAGR 2013/2018
□ CIA	11,5%	4,2%
■ FCO	2,8%	3,5%

- Within Rome's airport system, average passenger traffic grew by 3.3% from 2000 to 2018
- In the 2013-2018 period, following the recovery after the financial crisis, average growth leveled off, with CAGR of 3.5%

Fiumicino: traffic performance

2000 – 2018 Historical Data

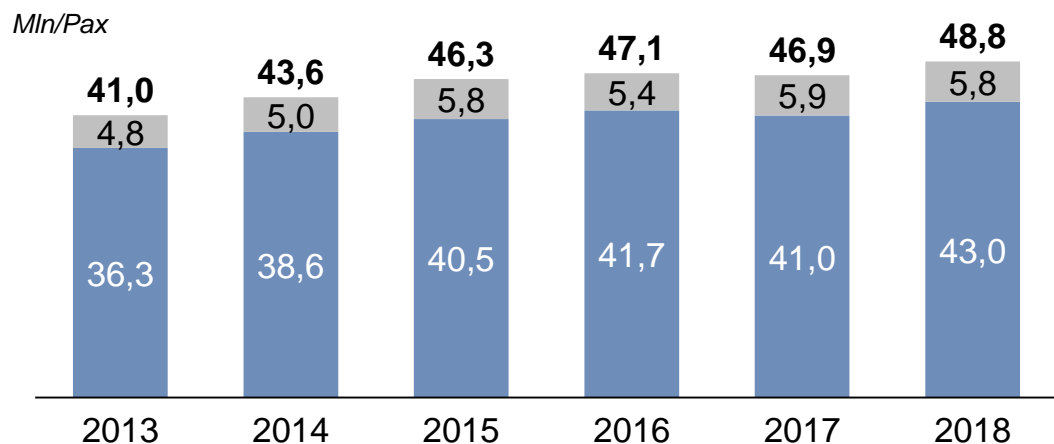


- ❑ Fiumicino airport's traffic increased by approx. 16.7 million pax from 2000 to 2015 (from 26.3 to 43.0 million)
- ❑ The trend highlights good resilience with respect to external factors and negative events
- ❑ In the 2013-2018 period Fiumicino airport's growth rate increased, with 3.5% CAGR (2.8% if calculated on 2000-2018)

2013-2018 Traffic Focus

SYSTEM

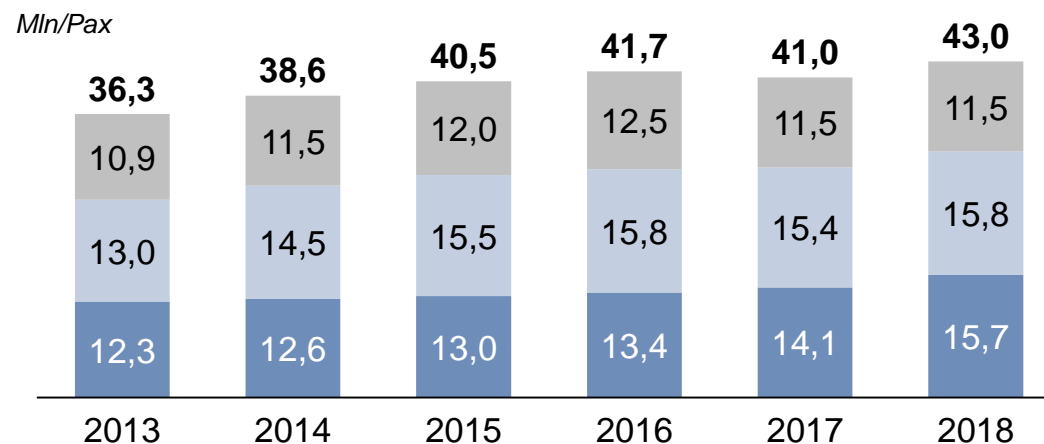
CIA CAGR +4,2%
 FCO CAGR +3,5%



- ❑ Except for 2017 (bankruptcy of Air Berlin and Monarch), in 2013-18 passenger traffic through Rome's airport system has always increased
- ❑ The improvement at CIA since 2013 is due to an improvement of the load factor
- ❑ FCO's traffic volume rose by over 6.7 million passengers in five years

FIUMICINO

DOM CAGR +1,0%
 SCH CAGR +4,0%
 EX SCH CAGR +5,0%

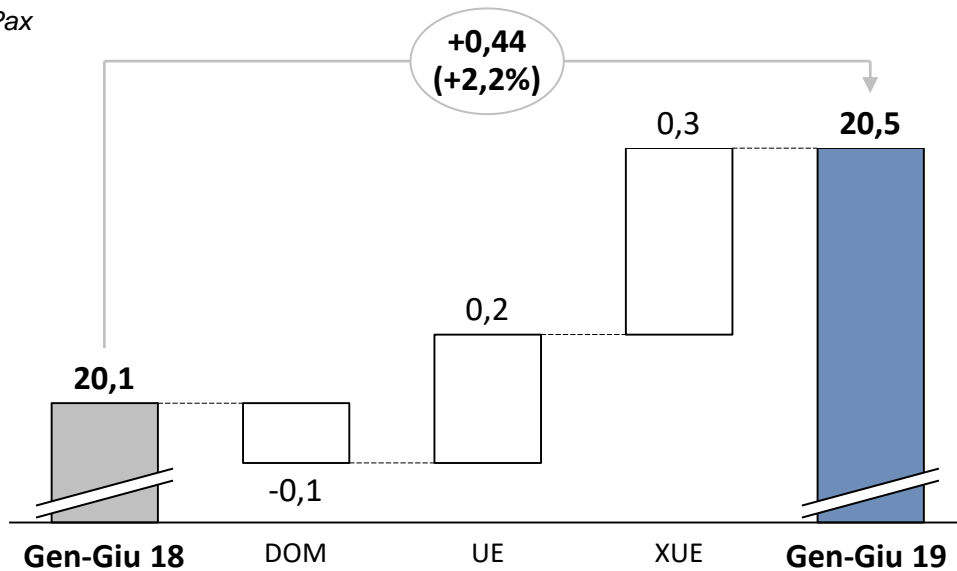


- ❑ Development of the Schengen market, which posted a 4.0% average annual growth
- ❑ The strong traffic increase to non-Schengen destinations (5.0% average annual growth) is supported by the development of the long-haul market
- ❑ After the growth in the 2013-2016 period, the domestic segment was affected by the cuts due to Alitalia's 2017 crisis and competition with the high-speed train network in Northern Italy

Passenger Traffic Highlights for H1 2019

FIUMICINO

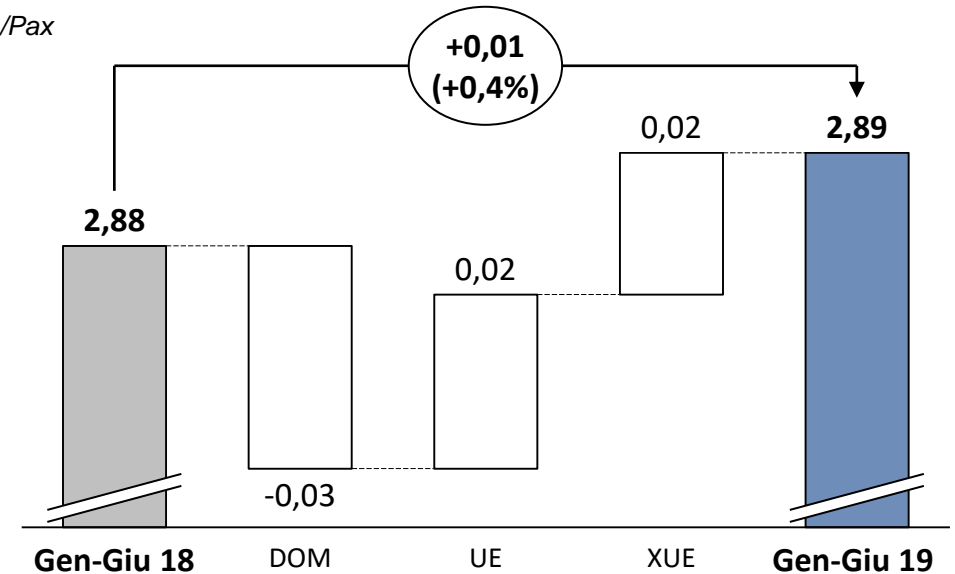
Mln/Pax



- ❑ Overall growth sustained by the increase in international traffic (+3.7%)
- ❑ The intercontinental segment continues to rise (+5.5%) due to several developments in North America, South America and the Far East
- ❑ In particular, there was strong growth in the flows to Africa (+13.8%) and to Russia and Ukraine

CIAMPINO

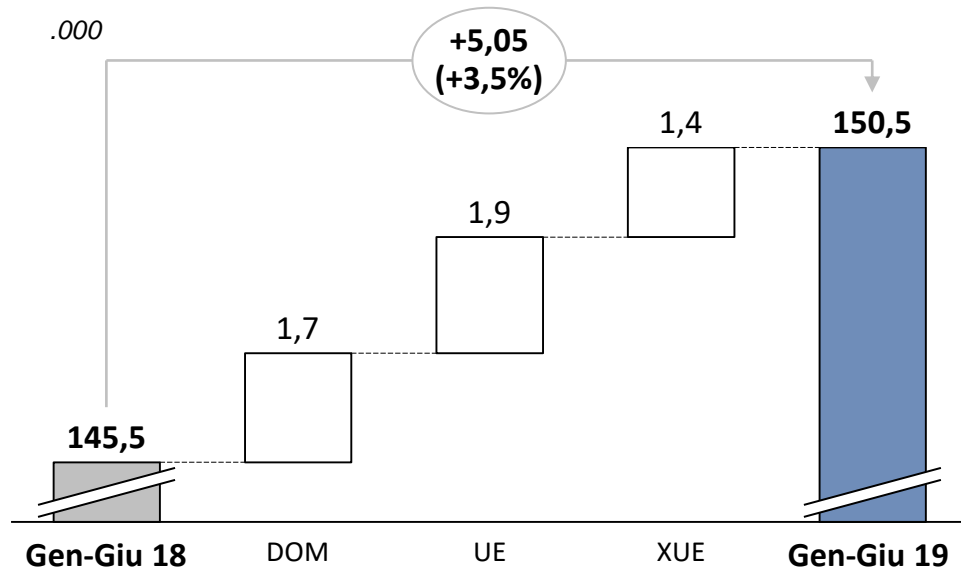
Mln/Pax



- ❑ Overall traffic substantially stable compared to the same period of 2018
- ❑ Increase of EU volumes due to an increase in the load factor (+0.8%), while the domestic market slowed down due to a reduction in operations

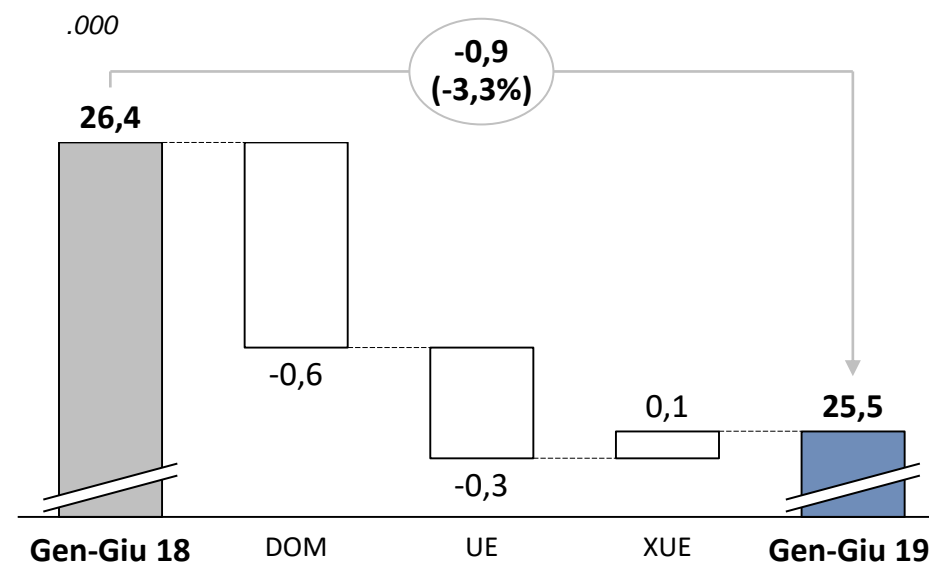
Highlights of Movements in H1 2019

FIUMICINO



- ❑ Movements in the Domestic segment grew (up 3.6%), mainly thanks to the reinstatement of Alitalia's routes to Milan MXP and increases of Air Italy
- ❑ The EU market is recovering (+2.9%), with growth mainly in Austria, Spain and France
- ❑ The many new long haul offerings are making a positive impact in the Non-EU segment, mainly going to the USA, Brazil and China

CIAMPINO



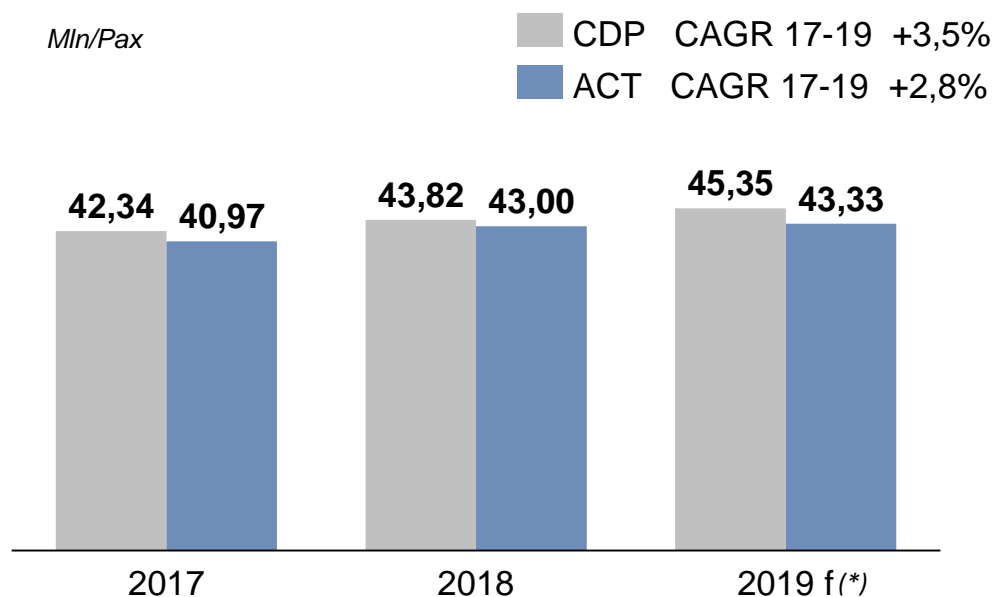
- ❑ Domestic movements are down (-25.2%) due to the closure of the Trieste route starting winter 18/19 (Cagliari is now the only domestic route in operation)
- ❑ The non-EU sector increased (+20.4%), thanks to the start of Ryanair service to Jordan and the increase of Wizz Air service to Chisinau

Back-up

2017-2019: "Actual" traffic vs. traffic envisaged in the Economic Regulation Agreement

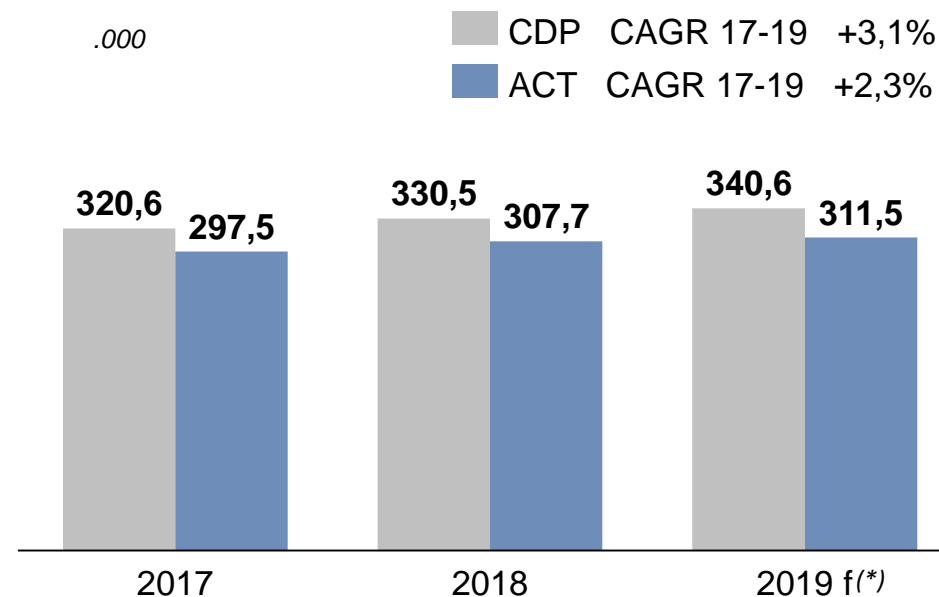
Fiumicino 2017-2019: "Actual" traffic vs. traffic envisaged in the Economic Regulation Agreement ("ERA")

Passenger Trend (ACT vs. ERA)



- ❑ Pax growth of +2.8% YoY compared to a forecast of +3.5%
- ❑ The slowdown in growth is influenced by Alitalia's post-referendum crisis of 2017, the bankruptcy of Air Berlin (Etihad Equity Partners) and Monarch

Movements Trend (ACT vs. ERA)



- ❑ Movement growth of +2.3% YoY compared to a forecast of +3.1%
- ❑ The difference is mainly due to the Domestic sector, with strong growth in the non-EU market supported by developments on the Chinese (12 destinations served and 7 airlines operating in Greater China) and Americas markets

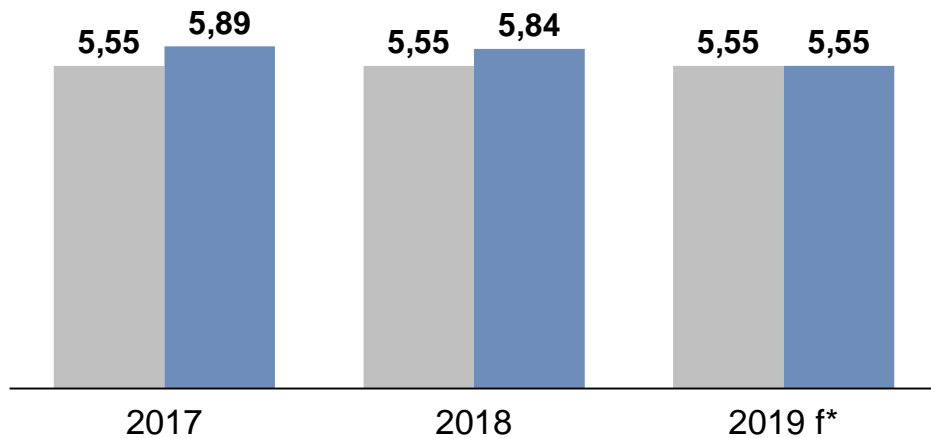
- ❑ Short/medium-term scenario influenced by changes underway with the historic airline of reference that complicate traffic forecasting
- ❑ Market outlook: the international market is expected to grow, mainly driven by long haul, with greater concentration towards America and the Far East
 - Long range traffic will benefit from recent developments in the North American market and that of Greater China
- ❑ Short/medium haul traffic:
 - Europe: forecast to increase owing to two lines of development, “point to point” led by the LCC airlines and the full service traffic going to its hubs
 - Domestic: will be affected by competition with high-speed train services, negatively impacting in volumes and corresponding movements

Ciampino: Actual vs Traffic Forecast comparison (2017–2021 ERA)

Passenger Trend (ACT vs. ERA)

Mln/Pax

■ CDP	CAGR 17-19	0,0%
■ ACT	CAGR 17-19	-2,9%

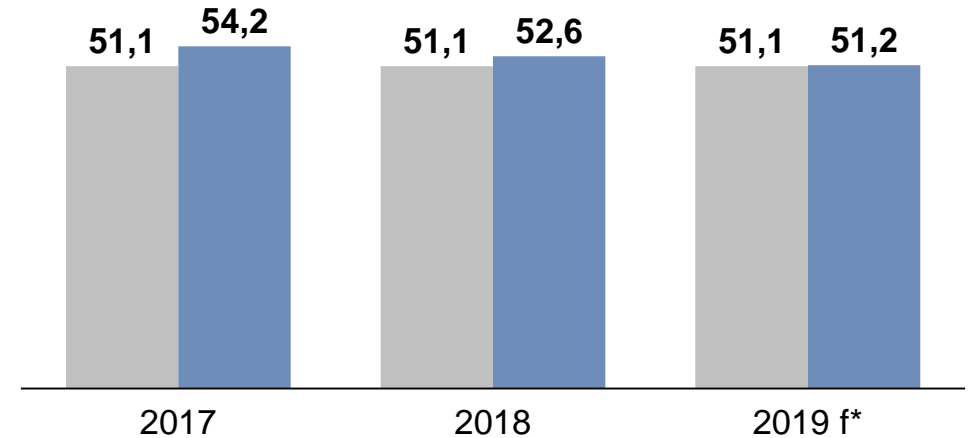


- ❑ Traffic substantially in line with the ERA forecast
- ❑ The 2.9% reduction expected for the end of 2019 is the result of an expected reduction to 65 commercial MOVs starting in Winter 2019–2020

Movements Trend (ACT vs. ERA)

.000

■ CDP	CAGR 17-19	0,0%
■ ACT	CAGR 17-19	-2,8%



- ❑ Movements down by 2.8% in the forecast for the end of 2019 due to the expected reduction to 65 commercial MOVs for Winter 2019–2020

Traffic forecast for 2019^(*): FCO and CIA

FIUMICINO

Traffic units (thousands)		2018 Act	2019E ^(*)
Total Passengers		42.995	44.142
	Domestic	11.503	11.344
	EU	18.883	19.555
	Non-EU	12.609	13.243
Movements		308	314
	Domestic	101	99
	EU	135	139
	Non-EU	73	76
Tonnage		28.709	29.417
Goods and Mail (tonnes)		206	224
Traffic units (WLU)		44.958	46.282

CIAMPINO

Traffic units (thousands)		2018 Act	2019E ^(*)
Total Passengers		5.840	5.549
	Domestic	238	170
	EU	5.428	5.208
	Non-EU	174	171
Movements		53	51
	Domestic	11	11
	EU	39	37
	Non-EU	3	3
Tonnage		2.840	2.732
Goods and Mail (tonnes)		18	17
Traffic units (WLU)		6.022	5.719